

**PAPER- XVIII: GENDER ISSUES IN POPULATION STUDIES**

Max Marks:	100
Internal Assessment:	20
Examination:	80
Time:	3 hrs

Note:-

- A) Nine questions would be set in all.
- B) Question No 1 based on the entire syllabus, would be compulsory. It would contain eight short answer questions of two marks each.
- C) There would be two questions (16 Marks each) from each of the four units.
- D) Candidates would be required to attempt five questions (one compulsory and selecting one from each unit )

**Unit-I**

Basic concepts: gender and sex; patriarchy and matriarchy; gender and gender inequality; son preference and value of girl child; Female infanticide and feticides; principle theories of patriarchy; feminism – historical perspective and feminist theories (liberal feminism, Marxist, post modern and radical viewpoints).

**Unit-II**

Demographic manifestations of gender inequality: imbalances in sex ratio at birth (SRB) and sex composition among children; survival disadvantages - sex differentials in mortality among children and adults; maternal health-care and maternal mortality.

**Unit-III**

Differential access to resources: gender inequality in access to nutrition and health care of children; gender inequality in literacy and education and its determinants; gender and employment; female labour participation and occupational patterns.

**Unit-IV**

Gender empowerment and female autonomy: concept, indicators and measures; approaches of women empowerment; status of women and gender development index; domestic violence and its consequences.

## References :

- Bhende A.A. and Kanitkar,T (2011) Principles of Population Studies,Mumbai Himalaya Publishing House.
- Caldwell, J.C. and Caldwell P (1990): Gender Implications for survival in South Asia. Health Transition Working Paper No.7, Canberra: NCEPH, Australian National University.
- Dyson, Tim and Mick Moore (1983): On kinship structure, female autonomy and demographic behavior in India, Population and Development Review, 9 (1), pp.35-60.
- Jeyaseelan, lakshman, Shubha Kumar, Nithya Neelakantan, Abraham Peedicayil, Rajamohanam Pillai and Nata Duvvury (2007) “Physical spousal violence against women in India: Some risk factors”, Journal of Biosocial Sciences, 39 (5): 657-670.
- Visaria, L (1999). “Violence against women in India: Evidences from rural Gujarat”, Summary Report in Domestic Violence in India: A Summary Report of Three Studies, by Barbara Buton, Nata Duvvury, Anuradha Rajan and Nisha Varia. Washington DC: International Centre for Research on Women.